

The Mountain Eagle

INDEPENDENT-SCREAMS FOR ALL

VOLUME SIXTEEN

WHITESBURG, LETCHER COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY,

January 3, 1924

Number Eighteen

Seco-Millstone

Some days ago the question was asked, "What is the most expensive thing in the world?" The asker of this question thought that radium was the most expensive thing in the world but he was wrong. That thing which causes the most suffering both of mind and body; that thing which affects persons at hand and at a distance and always to make life harder for all concerned, that is expensive. That thing which is so widespread that all suffer from it to some extent and many to a very great extent, that is expensive. That thing which not only affects persons now living but will affect generations yet unborn, and remember affects them to their hurt always, that is expensive. What thing which if it were removed would produce the greatest happiness, insure the greatest progress? That is the thing which is most costly. Now what is it? Let us ask ourselves if Ignorance does not meet the requirements of the above description. If so, what can, what ought I to do about it?

The teachers of the Seco public school trained the children for a Christmas program which was given on Christmas Eve at the Seco Baptist Church. It was largely attended and well carried through.

The students of Millstone High and upper grades presented a dramatization of "The Christmas Carol" Tuesday with good success.

The Millstone Community Christmas Tree and entertainment on Monday was very successful.

Nickie Wright, of Millstone, and Moses Webb and James H. Gibson, of near Kona, have all had measles.

The Kyva Motor Co. is executing in at once two carloads of Oaklands. They are installing a battery service station.

Frank Howell left Monday for his annual sojourn in the Land of Flowers, Brooksville, Fla., is his destination.

Leonard Spears, of Millstone, was a visitor here.

A. J. Leach was a caller at Whitesburg Monday.

B. E. Collins, of Dalna, spent Sunday in Seco.

H. L. Clark, of Fleming was here Sunday.

Attorneys D. D. and R. Monroe Fields were in Seco Friday.

Emmett Taylor and family returned from Rockhouse where they spent Xmas.

Wm. and Elkanah, sons of W. H. Potter, of Kona, were at home for the holidays. Wm. is a medical student at University of Louisville and Elkanah is in school at Pikeville.

Miss Hensley and Watty Holbrook visited at Kona.

Miss Opal Jones returned from a visit to Winchester.

J. D. Sergeant, of the South-East store force, spent Sunday at Whitesburg.

Miss Cordelia Bowie, of Millstone, acted as Seco nurse in the absence of Miss Jones.

S. A. Collins was a Whitesburg visitor Sunday.

W. C. Norman returned to his duties as director of amusement after a week's absence.

Ben Craft and Mayo Holbrook visited here Sunday.

Bernard Howell, brother of the South-East Auditor, is here from Huntington, W. Va.

W. H. Potter, of Kona, visited at Jenkins.

John Venters and family were Fleming Sunday visitors.

The whole community of Seco and vicinity is very anxious as to Miss Mary Louise Pfening. She is dangerously ill at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pfening, Jr. For several days she has been very low but some hope is offered now by her physicians. The heartfelt prayers of all go up for recovery.

We miss the jovial face and kindly voice of our erstwhile postmaster, Mr. Fairchild. He left to take over the editorship of the Leader. He will continue to preach for Seco church.

The regular meeting of the Community Club will be held on the second Friday night of January instead of the first. This is to enable some school numbers to be prepared for the program. School will re-open Monday, January 7.

Glenn and Roy Stambaugh are both quite ill.

EU Y COCA COLA PLANT

The Coca Cola Bottling Co., for years a leading Whitesburg industry, was sold this week to R. M. Brohard and C. L. Kilgore, live business men from Sargent. The plant sold for a fancy sum. For the coming year at least the plant will continue to operate here and with the same working force. A number of important additions it is said are planned.

On January 1 there were over 800 unregistered automobiles in Letcher county on which date the time for securing license expired. G. O. Fields extended the time for securing these license to January 10. Persons who owned cars on January 1 and who have not secured license for same should do so in the time limit.

M. L. Webb, postmaster at Mayking, was down and says he is moving the postoffice from his residence to over in town and may soon enter the mercantile business.

FLEMING

Prof. Franklin Webster visited at Lexington.

Miss Thelma Goins spent the holidays at Versailles.

Dr. and Mrs. Maggard and daughter, Opal, returned from Frankfort and Lexington.

Herbert Clark and Rothell Lyons visited at Seco.

Miss Eula McKinney will soon return to Burnsville, N. C., to enter high school.

Miss Crystal Coffey and Mr. Charlie Best were happily married at Whitesburg by Rev. Vanderpool.

Miss Ruth Stallard resigned her place in the postoffice and will go to Hazard to be with her mother. Her place is being filled by Miss Maybelle Collier.

Miss Golda Vance spent Xmas with her mother at Hazard.

Miss Ethel Strong visited her sister, Miss Bonnie Strong, and Mrs. Francis. Miss Bonnie visited her parents at Whitesburg.

Mrs. Della McKinney and two daughters, Mabel and Eula, took dinner with her parents, Mr and Mrs. W. B. Collier, at Neon on Christmas day.

Fleming Chapter 324 O. E. S. presented Mrs. Roy Thompson and orphan children with a big basket of eatables, etc., a few days ago.

Mrs. J. G. Easter has returned to her home here.

Mrs. A. C. Smith, of Chicago, is at the home of her parents, Attorney and Mrs. R. Monroe Fields. This is her first visit back home since her marriage some months ago and her many friends are glad to see her.

Mrs. D. D. Frazier sends the Eagle to her brother, S. J. Frazier, at Raymond, Wash.

Eld. J. W. Fairchild, if our information is right, has again assumed the editorial management of the Letcher County Leader.

Most of the girls here from College on vacation have returned to their studies.

Carpenter J. H. Gibson will be in charge of the wood-working machinery of the Hays Lumber Co. at this place and also the lumber sales department.

Cashier U. H. Sledd of the progressive Fleming bank, was here on business.

Attorneys R. Monroe Fields and French Hawk made a business trip to Poor Fork.

Mrs. Sarah Bentley called to renew the subscription of her daughter, Mrs. W. M. Ready, at Metz, Mo.

Any subscriber can always get any daily newspaper of us at the same price or cheaper than he would have to pay the publisher.

We are delighted to see so many of our old and valuable subscribers renewing their subscriptions for another year. A great number of the very best people in Letcher county have always subscribed and paid us promptly for the Eagle.

ORDINANCE OF STREET ASSESSMENTS ACCEPTING

IMPROVEMENTS AND MAKING

EVY.

Engineer, C. H. Burton, in his report and improvement made by the Board of Trustees and the costs thereof.

Be it Ordained by the Board of Trustees of the town of Whitesburg, that the City Engineer's estimate of the costs thereof, and his report thereon be and same is hereby confirmed, and the improvement of said street be and the same is hereby accepted.

Be it further Ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Whitesburg, Kentucky; That the costs of improving that portion of Madison street from the bridge near Mullins Bros. garage, south to the south end of said street, section 6, is apportioned against the respective property owners, owning abutting property upon each side of said improved street, according to the number of front feet owned by them, respectively as follows:

1 Owen Pigman 210.9 front ft. west side Madison St., north of Henry Blair, south of Ky. River, assessment \$1,515.83, ex. work \$75.44, tot. assessment \$1,591.27.

2 Henry Blair, 75.0 front ft., west side Madison St., north of R. Monroe Fields, south of Owen Pigman, \$539.06, total assessment \$539.06.

3 R. Monroe Fields 90.0 front ft. west side Madison St., north of J. S. Fairchild, south of Henry Blair assessment \$646.87, extra work \$23.69, tot. assess. \$670.56.

4 J. S. Fairchild, 100.00 front ft. west side Madison St., north of Dixon Caudill south of R. Monroe Fields assessment \$718.74, total assessment \$718.74.

5 Dixon Caudill 50.0 front ft., west side Madison St., north of Geo. Hogg assessment \$359.37, ex. work \$18.75, tot. assessment \$378.12.

6 Geo. Hogg 100.0 front ft. west side Madison St., north of G. W. Jenkins, south of F. G. Fields, ext. work \$15.06, tot. assessment \$15.06.

7 G. W. Jenkins, 68.4 front ft., west side Madison St., north of G. W. Jenkins, south of F. G. Fields, assessment \$100.62, total assessment \$100.62.

8 City of Whitesburg, 14.0 front ft., east side Madison St., north of G. W. Jenkins, south of F. G. Fields, assessment \$100.62, total assessment \$100.62.

9 F. G. Fields, 100.0 front ft., east side Madison St., south of G. D. Whitaker, north of Overhead bridge St., assess. \$718.75, total assessment \$718.75.

10 G. D. Whitaker 126.0 front ft., east side of Madison St., south of Henry Brown, north of F. G. Fields assess, \$905.63, tot. assessment \$905.63.

11 Henry Brown, 50.0 fr. ft., east side of Madison St., south of C. H. Burton, north of G. D. Whitaker, assess. \$359.37, total assessment \$359.37.

12 C. H. Burton 50.0 fr. ft. east side of Madison St., south of Street, north of Henry Brown assess. \$288.93, total assessment \$288.93.

13 City Whitesburg 40.2 fr. ft. east side of Madison St., south of Henry Combs, north of C. H. Burton, assess. \$288.93, total assessment \$288.93.

14 Henry Combs 100.0 fr. ft. east side of Madison St., south of Stephen Combs, north of St., assess. \$718.75 total assessment \$718.75.

15 Stephen Combs 156.6 fr. ft. east side of Madison St., south of Ky. River, north of Henry Combs excepting street assess. \$1,125.55 extra work \$57.82, tot. assessment \$1,183.37.

16 City Whitesburg 300.0 fr. ft. east side of Madison St., south of Stephen Combs north of Stephen Combs, assess. \$215.62, extra work \$12.46, tot. assessment \$228.08.

Total 1361.1 front feet, at \$7.1875 per foot.

December 13, 1923.

I hereby certify that Municipal Paving & Engineering Co., has completed the above mentioned district according to the plans and specifications and contract; that the above is a true and correct proportionment of the costs to the City and property owners as prescribed by law.

(Signed) C. H. Burton, City Engineer

It is further ordained by the Board of Trustees that a tax be and the same is hereby levied on the lots of abutting property at the rate of \$7.1875 per front foot.

It is further ordained by the said Board of Trustees, that there be apportioned to the town of Whitesburg the sum of \$617.63 that being the part of the cost of the improvement within said section for which the Town is liable.

It is further ordained by the said Board of Trustees, that the Town Clerk be and he is hereby authorized and directed to issue warrants against the respective lot owners within said section for the amount due by the said respective lot owners.

This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication as provided by law.

(Signed) C. A. Miller, Chmn. Emery L. Frazier, Clerk.

FOR RENT AT ONCE

Ground floor storeroom, basement and one upstairs office room in the new brick store building on Main street next to the Courthouse on the public square. Most convenient, modern and commodious. An ideal location for any business. Recently vacated by Mullins & Fairchild. Will be rented reasonable to right parties. Apply in person or by mail.

J. H. FRAZIER, Whitesburg, Ky.

Leonard Boggs, teacher up at Cromona, called on the Eagle.

Week's News

'Squire Felix Fields and Constable N. B. Hall have offices in the building over Dan Frazier's store at the bridge and will be glad to have the public call and see them.

John A. Jenkins, one of our good citizens and a fine carpenter, is moving to Poor Fork with his family. He has a large building contract at that place.

Attorney David Hays and E. B. Duncan made a trade whereby Mr. Hays become owner of the Duncan residence and machine shop in town and Mr. Duncan becomes the owner of a neat home and other property in the Wat Long section. The deal further enables Mr. Hays to develop the Hays Lumber Company's business which is now in full blast.

The following Letcher boys have lately enlisted in the service of Uncle Sam: Larry R. Gragg, Fleming, Riley Moore, Elsiecoal, Sam Collins, Fleming, Jas. Cuzzart, Elsiecoal. H. C. Caudill is in charge of the recruiting office at Hazard where they enlisted.

Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Danner and Lewis Edwin Danner left for McRoberts to reside. Our best wishes go with them.

Tilsman Adams was in from Mayking to chat with us.

Ed Dye, generous business man, was down to renew.

Uncle Wesley Combs, Smoot Creek, one of our best loved citizens, was over to see his sons, Jim, Will and Stephen, Jr.

The new year came in cool and brisk with threatening clouds overhead. The weatherman said there was a new year's twister, interspersed with snow, sleet and zero weather, coming this way but it may have gagged when it broached the mountains.

Miss Edna Fugate, Renavac Pursifull, Ercel Salling and Walter Daniel spent New Year's Day with friends at Bastin.

Inanimate bells and animate belles rang out the old and ushered in the new year Monday night.

Prof. H. H. ibson, who is taking a course in medicine at the State University, Lexington, was a visitor at Mayking with his parents at Mayking for the holidays. Everyone is wishing for Harrison a successful trip thru this arduous field. Letcher will

be proud of such a young man in the years to come. Besides Mr. Gibson Letcher county has in the University Medical Department the following: Fred Caudill, of Blackey, McKinley Ison, of Dalna, Wm. Potter, of Mater, Dow Collins and Ed Crawford, of Colson, and Can Bentley, of Fleming. These, too, are destined to be shining lights in Letcher's future history.

Persons who start the New Year by renewing their subscriptions are in a good way to be lucky for the entire year. As a rule very few persons have expired in this section who have had their subscriptions to the Eagle paid ahead. It is always better to inspire than to expire.

On January 26, 1924, a civil service examination for the purpose of qualifying a postmaster at Whitesburg will be held at Hazard.

Alvin Parsons, son of John Parsons, of Eolia, was in to see us. He has a daughter, Miss Iva, in first year high school at this place and is well pleased with her progress.

Miss Louise Fields, that lovely and lovable girl from Lexington, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Fields, and who is a co-ed at Kentucky University, returned to her home and school after and she enjoyed her visit very much.

The richest man in town is Jim Fields, the watch repair man. Mrs. Santa Cluas, playing the role of Mrs. Stork, brought him a pair of beautiful girls. Such is sometimes life.

Mrs. John M. Adams has been quite indisposed for several days.

As usual the new year brought a few changes in town in one way and another. Mullins & Fairchild, leading dry goods and furnishings, vacated the Frazier building and moved into their own building. Mr. and Mrs. Mack Norman gave up the Day Hotel near the bridge and located in the Baker home across the street. It is understood E. C. Bentley, who runs the La Palma Cafe, will also run the hotel adjoining. Attorneys Emery L. Frazier and F. G. Fields and Stenographer B. W. Hale moved upstairs in the Lewis Building in the rooms back of the offices of Morgan & Harvie. R. Monroe Fields and Stephen Combs, Jr., having formed a partnership, Mr. Fields moved his office from the Wright Building to the First National Bank Building where Mr. Combs has his office.

MUTILATED

THE MOUNTAIN EAGLE
An Independent Weekly Newspaper
Stands Dedicated to the Interests of Letcher County First and to the Entire Mountains Afterwards
ISSUED BY
The Mountain Eagle Publishing Company
(Incorporated)
N. M. WEBB, Editor and Manager
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Entered as second-class matter Aug. 28, 1907, at Postoffice at Whitesburg, Ky., under Act of Congress of Aug. 9, 1873

—THE YEAR 1923 WAS A hard fought one with the Eagle. Day in and day out its promoters struggled to lay down a policy that would redound to the best interests possible for its many readers and friends. It has frequently been criticised for pursuing such a course, but knowing the right, never doubting, never dickered to the selfish interests of anyone, the Eagle has gone unwavering and true to the mark set. Our pleas for strict enforcement of the law as it is written, likewise our urgent demands for soberness have undoubtedly found lodgment in the minds of all good citizens. All appeals, no matter from what source they come are bound to reach the hearts and minds of the good and noble and become forces for good in some way. Men and women, even boys and girls, ought to stop and reason along all the lines of life. They ought to let the human dominate in them. Being possessed with this great faculty, reason, and being the only creature in the world that can exercise it, they should be proud of it and listen attentively to it at all times. He or she who does not will ultimately go to ruin. In this world there is enough bad in the most of us to ruin us and enough good in the most of us to keep us in the proper path. During the coming year, true to its well marked line of thought, the Eagle will pursue its beaten path, conservative in all things, reasonable in all things, magnifying the good and saying as little as possible as to the bad. It would have its readers and friends look upward, look high and pursue the course that leads to where the sun is ever shining and the stars ever twinkle.

The population of the city of Whitesburg by actual count is 1205. This is an increase of more than 40 per cent from the population given in the 1920 census. This includes the population of the corporation and does not include the bigger portion of Caudill and the number of people residing on the Dave Hays branch.

JURY LISTS JANUARY TERM
Grand Jury—Lewis Caudill,

Wilson Day, Sherman Quillen, E. B. Cook, Otho Bentley, John Back, W. M. Tyree, M. V. Bates, Ballard Salyer, W. K. Collier, jr., Geo. Ridenour, Bob Duncan, L. M. Rose, Ben Sergeant, David Boggs, John D. Caudill, Ace Collins, S. T. Frazier, Will Maggard, Jas. Stewart, Jas. Baker, Elihu Blair, Kelly Ison, Jas. Sturgill.
Petit Jury—Henry Sergeant, Shade Web, Francis Rice, Sam Maggard, Leroy Fields, Noah Bentley, S. M. Banks, Crockett Stapleton, John Combs, Floyd Caudill, Willie Crase, Dave Caudill, Tom Johnson, John Davis, Walter Vermillion, Leroy Franklin, Dennis Tolliver, Hart Campbell, J. H. Craft, Burt Adams, Willie Craft, Sherman Baker, Jas. Morgan, Sol Caudill, N. R. Day, E. D. Baker, Evans Polly, Spencer Adams, Wilburn Hampton, Isaac Mitchell, jr., Patrick Banks, N. W. Meade, Joe Back, Hiram Caudill, eo. Adams, Jas. Combs, W. D. Collier, Tom Tolliver.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of executions Nos. 697, 822, & 823 directed to me, which issued from the clerk's office of the Letcher Circuit Court in favor of Hatcher-Powers Sroe Co., C. F. Blank Tea & Coffee Co. M. D. Lewis, etc vs. Jasper Collins, I or one of my deputies will on Monday the 14 day of January 1924 between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. at Courthouse door in Whitesburg, county of Letcher, State of Kentucky expose to public sale to highest and best bidder the following property or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of the Plaintiff's debt, interest and cost to wit:

One stock of merchandise and store fixtures, located in Sandlick Gap Letcher Co., Ky. Amount to be raised \$317.38. Levied on as the property of Jasper Collins. Terms Sale will be made for cash in hand. This 26 day of Dec. 1923 Jas. Combs, S. L. C. By J. Henry Brown, D. S.

Traveling men coming into Whitesburg report business as fairly good wherever they go.

LADY GOT SO WEAK COULD SCARCELY STAND

After Suffering From Many Female Troubles This Lady Heard of Cardui and Took It, She Says, "Until I Was Well."

"SOME TIME AGO," says Mrs. Buena McFarland, of R. F. D. 2, Bostic, N. C., "I suffered a great deal with weakness common to women. I had bearing-down pains, my sides and back hurt, and my limbs drew. I would get so weak in my knees I could scarcely stand. "I was very nervous, and could not rest. I didn't feel like eating. I grew thin, and did not have ambition for anything. "I had been trying other remedies . . . but did not get any better. "Some one told us of Cardui, and what it was recommended for. I also

took a Ladies Birthday Almanac and read of a case something like mine. I told my husband to get it and I would try it. "I saw a great improvement after the first bottle (of Cardui), so I kept it up until I was well. Now I am the picture of health." Thousands of other women have written, to tell of the beneficial results obtained by taking Cardui, and to recommend it to others. Cardui has stood the test of extensive use, for more than forty years, in the treatment of troubles common to women. Try it.

A least there is this good feature as to business prospects in this section. Those who manifested little determination to boost business last year have entered upon the new year determined to push for success by advertising and every other business and energetic way. This alone will bring a volume of business to our county in the time it is so urgently needed.

Dr. G. D. Johnson, for a long time practicing his profession at Fleming and Jenkins, regarded as one of the best physicians to come into the mountains, resigned his work and is now located at Huntington, W. Va. His friends regret to give him up but wish him well.

In thinking about it I don't forget that Monday week, January 14 Circuit Court will begin here. A great volume of business will be transacted at the term. If you come don't forget to call on the Eagle.

The coldest weath'r of the winter is pitched this way and we may expect it by Saturday or Sunday.

Attorney Felix Fields' family will not move to our town to reside till up in the Spring.

Kindly notice the large number of tax sales advertised in this week's Eagle and settle with the Sheriff.

Uncle Sam Webb, aged citizen of Thornton, has been quite ill for some days.

Your Eagle next week will be eight pages and this will be kept up as long as subscriptions and advertising warrant it. If you don't get the Eagle this week it is because you are too far behind. Please call and fix yourself.

D. W. Salyer is here from Dayton, Ohio.

THE BEST WAY TO GET YOUR IRON

PHYSICIANS have prescribed Gude's Pepto-Mangan for 30 years because of its supply of iron. They found that it was readily absorbed, did not irritate the stomach and quickly toned and strengthened the system. At your druggist's, in both liquid and tablets.

Free Trial Tablets To see for yourself the health-building value of Gude's Pepto-Mangan, write today for generous Trial Package of Tablets. Send no money—just name and address to M. J. Breitenbach Co., 53 Warren St., N. Y.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan
Tonic and Blood Enricher

HOW'S THIS?
HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. All that we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE consists of an Ointment which Quickly Relieves the catarrhal inflammation, and the Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces, thus assisting to restore normal conditions. Sold by druggists for over 40 Years. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR POLICY
INSURE WITH THE OLD
Commonwealth Life Insurance Co.
HOME OFFICE, LOUISVILLE

GUARANTEED RESULTS—AN OLD RELIABLE POLICY FOR \$5,000 WITH THE INCOME, AT AGE 21 WILL COST \$102.35, GUARANTEED TO BECOME PAID UP IN TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, IF ALL COUPONS ARE CANCELLED AND LEFT IN THE POLICY, AND IN CASE OF A TOTAL OR PERMANENT DISABILITY THE COMPANY WAIVERS ALL FUTURE PREMIUMS, AND PAYS YOU A MONTHLY INCOME OF \$50.00 A MONTH AS LONG AS YOU ARE DISABLED, AND IN CASE OF DEATH, OR PAID UP POLICY, YOU DRAW THE FACE OF YOUR POLICY THE SAME AS YOU HAD BEEN PAYING YOUR PREMIUM, AND NOTHING DEDUCTED FOR THE MONTHLY INCOME. SO DON'T FORGET THE NAME—THE OLD RELIABLE COMMONWEALTH LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

C. S. DAY, GENERAL AGENT
WHITESBURG, KY.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of execution No. 440 directed to me which issued from the clerk's office of Letcher Circuit Court in favor of Commonwealth of Kentucky vs. Jas. Morgan, David Blair, S. G. Wright, Sam Bates, L. vin W. Baker, Elihu Adams I or one of my deputies will on Monday, the 14 day of January 1924 between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. at the Courthouse door in Whitesburg, County of Letcher, expose to Public Sale to the highest and best bidder the following property or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of the Plaintiff's debt, interest and cost to wit: All the land of Elihu Adams on the E. 1/2 of Rock-house creek in Letcher county containing fifty acres more or less. Levied on as the property of Elihu Adams. This 26 day of Dec. 1923 Jas. Combs, S. L. C. By J. Henry Brown, D. S.

For Sale—Good Residence

The undersigned offers for sale a good residence and lot in the lower addition to Whitesburg at a bargain. Lot is 100x150 ft., good barn, good bored well and all necessary outbuildings. Everything built within the past two years. Well located, close to schools and churches. If interested call or write J. N. CLAY, Whitesburg, Ky.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of Execution No. 808 directed to me which issued from the Clerk's office of the Letcher Circuit Court in favor of Shuttleworth Clothing Co., vs. Miners Supply Co., A. C. Combs, J. D. Bentley, Jr. I or one of my deputies will on Mond. the 7 day of January 1924 between the hours of 10 a. m. & 2 p. m. at Courthouse door in Whitesburg, County of Letcher, expose to public sale to the highest and best bidder the following property or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy amount plaintiff's debt, interest and costs, to-wit:

One town lot in East Jenkins, fronting the railroad 24 feet and extending back to Elkhorn creek, and adjoining the property of Mrs. A. C. Combs. Levied on as the property of A. C. COMBS. This 3 day of Dec. 1923. JAS. COMBS, S. L. C.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use Over 30 Years
Always be sure you get the
Signature of *H. H. Fletcher*

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR POLICY
INSURE WITH THE OLD
Commonwealth Life Insurance Co.
HOME OFFICE, LOUISVILLE

GUARANTEED RESULTS—AN OLD RELIABLE POLICY FOR \$5,000 WITH THE INCOME, AT AGE 21 WILL COST \$102.35, GUARANTEED TO BECOME PAID UP IN TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, IF ALL COUPONS ARE CANCELLED AND LEFT IN THE POLICY, AND IN CASE OF A TOTAL OR PERMANENT DISABILITY THE COMPANY WAIVERS ALL FUTURE PREMIUMS, AND PAYS YOU A MONTHLY INCOME OF \$50.00 A MONTH AS LONG AS YOU ARE DISABLED, AND IN CASE OF DEATH, OR PAID UP POLICY, YOU DRAW THE FACE OF YOUR POLICY THE SAME AS YOU HAD BEEN PAYING YOUR PREMIUM, AND NOTHING DEDUCTED FOR THE MONTHLY INCOME. SO DON'T FORGET THE NAME—THE OLD RELIABLE COMMONWEALTH LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

C. S. DAY, GENERAL AGENT
WHITESBURG, KY.

A TERRIBLE GOITRE
Removed Without Operation. Mrs. Cox Tells How. Was Short of Breath. Eyes Bad. Could Not Work. In Bed Part of Time. Stainless Liniment Used.
Mrs. Dot Cox says: "Come to Troy, Ohio, and I will show you what Sorbol-Quadruple has done for me. If you can't come, write."
Manufactured by Sorbol Company, Mechanicsburg, O. Sold by all drug stores. Locally at Fitzpatrick Drug Store

NOTICE!

All taxpayers who have not paid their taxes by January 1, 1924, will be levied on at once.
Jas. Combs, S. L. C.

LOST—VALUABLE RING

Somewhere between my home and the Wright Building I lost a valuable ring. Finder please return to me and get liberal reward.—E. L. Frazier, Whitesburg, Ky.

6 PER CENT LOANS

under Reserve System on city or farm property. Reserve Deposit Co., Keith Bldg, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By Virtue of execution No. 807

directed to me which issued from the Clerk's office of the Letcher Circuit Court in favor of Intersouthern Life Ins. Company against John W. Wright, C. H. Back, W. E. Brown, I or one of my deputies will on Monday the 7 day of Jan. 1924, between the hours of 10 a. m. & 2 p. m. at Courthouse door in Whitesburg, County of Letcher, expose to public sale to the highest and best bidder the following property or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy amount plaintiff's debt, interest and costs, to-wit:

One certain tract of land on Sandlick Creek, Letcher county, Ky., containing 125 acres adjoining the lands of John P. Back and the heirs of John D. Caudill, deceased. For more particular description see Deed book 49, p. 426 Letcher County Court Clerk's office.

Levied on as the property of C. H. BACK

Terms—Sale will be made on a credit of six months, bond with approved security required, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date of sale, and having the force and effect of a sale bond.

This 3 day of Dec. 1923. JAS. COMBS, S. L. C.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of Execution No. 816, 817, 818

directed to me which issued from the Clerk's office of the Letcher Circuit Court in favor of S. L. Combs, G. B. Combs, Green Kincer vs Pine Creek Coal Co. I or one of my deputies will on Monday, the 7 day of Jan, 1923, between the hours of 10 a. m. & 2 p. m. at the Courthouse door in Whitesburg,

County of Letcher, expose to public sale to the highest and best bidder the following property or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy amount plaintiff's debt, interest and costs, to-wit:

The redemption right of the Pine Creek Coal Co. to the property on Pine Creek, Letcher Co., Ky., and being the right to the same property which heretofore been sold by the Master Commissioner of Letcher county in favor of the Bank of Lee County.

Levied on as the property of Pine Creek Coal Co.

Terms—Sale will be made on a credit of six months, bond with approved security required, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date of sale, and having the force and effect of a sale bond.

This 3rd day of Dec. 1923 JAS. COMBS, S. L. C. By J. Henry Brown, D. S.

RESCUED

By GERTRUDE CUSHING

(Copyright, 1923, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

A swift, silent scuffle, the odds all on one side—then two men go dumbly to the corner, the one in blue with brass buttons stepping with all the stolid decision his dragging charge permits. A word whispered into a police patrol box. A quick-drawn, staring crowd, men and boys, women and girls, thrusting heads forward, peering with sickening curiosity, some almost angling the shrinking victim. The clangor of a rapidly approaching gong.

As it comes nearer the boy pulls out a decent handkerchief and covers his face from the disgusting audience. He had been drunk before—he didn't mind that so much—or the corrective hand of the law; but those staring faces!

At the first sound of the gong on the patrol three girls in an office high above the street gave interested attention.

"Here comes Mr. Volstead!" cried one.

The tableau being enacted below was getting to be an ordinary occurrence to the girls.

"Oh, dear! Isn't it too bad!"

"He looks so ashamed—"

"Yes, and he's well dressed—and clean. It makes me want to do something."

All the afternoon the last speaker tried in vain to forget the scene.

By closing time the desire to "do something," obsessed her. She ceased combating it. She let it lead her.

Scent of breath and weak of voice, but resolute, she entered the nearest police station. Question and answer followed, short and direct. Her description was exact. The man was there.

"But what do you want with him? Do you know him?"

The girl's cheeks flamed. "Oh, no! I couldn't come, you know, if I did. I thought—I am sure it must be the first time. Perhaps he'd like to send for someone."

"No, ma'am, it's not the first time. It's the third time in two months."

The girl had done war work—many kinds of war work.

"You ought to see that I'm not like most girls. I'm older," she told the officer, "and I understand things. I know how to talk to them."

"Oh, well," thought the officer, "I might as well let her do something. She'll go quicker." So: "He's a queer duck. Always wears paper and pencil. Bring him some, if you want to."

It was not easy to make the object of her solicitude talk. He took the paper, thanked her indifferently, waited for her to go. "If you'll write quickly," he coaxed him, "I'll mail it."

"I can't," he faltered. "My head—it's all mixed up—aches horribly . . . what did you come here for?" This last with sudden interest.

"To help you. I'll write it for you. You tell me what to say. Do you want to send for someone?"

This roused him. "For heaven's sake, no! Don't you tell her!" he cried.

Then he began to sob, weakly. After that he talked. For sympathy, perhaps, or perhaps he yielded to the girl's stronger will. As he talked she wrote, adroit questioning giving her what she needed to know.

"I was always no good," he told her, "until the war. I'm not a coward. I volunteered. Went to France, 1914. I was a lieutenant when it finished—by promotion. She knows that. I tell her all the good things.

Still following impulse, the girl countered: "You said you were not a coward. Prove it. Make a fight for her sake—and mine."

"For yours? You mean that?"

Frightened at the thrill in the man's voice—at the thrill in herself—she turned to go. He dropped to his knees. His lips pressed the hem of her dress. "You'll come again?" he entreated.

"Perhaps."

The next day the city police had collided with a ferry boat while crossing the harbor. Above the dull thrud

CALUMET
The Economy BAKING POWDER



35 years of un-failing service on bake-day has made CALUMET

THE WORLD'S GREATEST BAKING POWDER

Retains its great leavening strength in every climate to the very last spoonful. Always dependable and pure.



Sales 2 1/2 times as much as that of any other brand
BEST BY TEST

of the impact, the splintering of wood and women's screams, came the cry of "Woman overboard!" On the police boat a man, ready cursing, fought his keepers, flung them aside and plunged into the churning water. But a few hours before a girl had summoned him to new life—to prove his manhood, and now— "O, God, let me save her!" he prayed.

They were both conscious when lifted into the lifeboat.

"You," she whispered, in wonder.

"Oh, I'm glad—I'm glad!"

"Quick, your name," he urged.

"Where shall I find you—after three months?"

She answered, then closed her eyes in a happy stupor. Gently, with infinite respect, they led him away.

Hold 'Em, Men!

It was moonlight on the river.

"Isn't it wonderful!" she sighed, lifting her paddle gently. "How lovely the moonpath is, reaching from the very throne of God to earth! See how silver the drops falling from my paddle! Ah, the very night itself is perfumed with sentiment, and every where—"

"Stop!" he interrupted, "cut that out, will you? I come mighty near getting myself engaged to a girl that talked that way in a canoe!"—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Mrs. B. F. Salyer is quite indisposed, having trouble with her teeth.



Children Cry for

Fletcher's CASTORIA

A pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants from one month old to Children of all ages.

MOTHER! Fletcher's Castoria contains no narcotics. It has been in use for more than 30 years to safely relieve

Constipation Wind Colic
Flatulency To Sweeten Stomach
Diarrhoea Regulate Bowels

Aids in the assimilation of Food, promoting Cheerfulness, Rest, and

Natural Sleep without Opium

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. H. H. Fletcher*

Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

MUTILATED

Sheriff's Sale For Taxes

By virtue of taxes due the State and County for the year 1924, I or one of my deputies will on Monday, February 4, 1924, between the hours of 12 m. and 4 p. m. at the Courthouse door in Whitesburg, Letcher county, Ky. expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash in hand the following property or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due, and costs, to-wit:

DISTRICT NO. 8

Name and property to be sold	Taxes, Cost, and Total
Reuben Craft—20 acres land	6.42 \$4
Isaac Burk—5 acres land on Rockhouse	33.81 \$4
Hadley Craft—20 acres land	14.01 \$4
Mrs M. L. Hill—town lot in Whitesburg	3.00 \$4
Louisa Potter—14 acres land near Neon	16.05 \$4
Reuben Potter—75 acres land near Yonts Fork	21.09 \$4
Mary Venters, 7 acres land near Neon	2.06 \$4
Leonard Crase, 1-2 acres land	3.54 \$4
Mrs Ardalia Bony 1 town lot	30.82 \$4
T. P. McFall 1 town lot	6.07 \$4
Emaline Potter 1 tract land	13.18 \$4
Millard Shaw 1 town lot	4.28 \$4
Lizzie Toliver 1 town lot	2.54 \$4
D. M. Vanover 25 acres land	12.76 \$4
J. N. Williams 1 town lot in Neon	63.88 \$4
Gilly Webb 1 town lot	12.42 \$4
Andrew J. Adams 35 acres land on Cowan	7.74 \$4
Bradley Ison 1 town lot	6.91 \$4
Willie Taylor 30 acres land	5.84 \$4

DISTRICT NO. 7

Jane Adams 10 acres land on Adams Br. Colly	1.69 \$4
Riley Adams 40 acres land Thicket Br. Colly	9.75 \$4
Philip Adams 50 acres land Cram Creek	2.80 \$4
W. M. Bates, 20 acres land	7.49 \$4
S. L. Blair, 50 acres land on Colly Creek	29.96 \$4
Susan Bentley 25 acres land on Colly Creek	5.50 \$4
Joe Craft 20 acres land near Roxana	7.89 \$4
E. G. Franklin 10 acres land Adams Br. Colly	5.51 \$4
Herman Hale 1 town lot on land on Solomon	18.58 \$4
W. E. Hammons 175 acres land near Whitesburg	25.97 \$4
E. A. Holbrook gdn, 2 acres land near Mayking	3.39 \$4
Jesse Holbrook 15 acres land near Mayking	5.90 \$4
W. M. Holbrook 13 acres land near Mayking	84.74 \$4
Mrs Elijah Stallard 30 acres Thicket Br. Colly	5.93 \$4
M. S. Sallard Sr. 16 acres land head of Coll	5.74 \$4
Lee Webb 42 acres land on Thornton	14.66 \$4
White Oak Lumber Company timber	3.39 \$4

DISTRICT NO. 1

John P. Boggs 60 acres land on Cowan	13.99 \$4
W. S. Collins 92 acres land mouth Cowan	25.86 \$4
Ardelia Collins 10 acres land mouth Cowan	2.88 \$4
Wm. Caudill 75 acres land mouth of Dry fork	8.11 \$4
Calla Cook 10 acres land on Dry fork	1.80 \$4
John D. Day 1 acre land near Whitesburg	6.78 \$4
Salaney Fields 30 acres land Kingdom Come	14.84 \$4
Wilson fields one half acre land	2.54 \$4
G. H. Ison 1-12 acres land near Dalna	31.92 \$4
Dave Maggard 1 acre land on Cowan	4.6 \$4
James Phillips 1 acre land	5.09 \$4
Wm J. Tyree admr 35 acres land on Dry Fork	7.63 \$4
Rebecca Webb 75 acres land mouth Dry fork	13.57 \$4

DISTRICT NO. 5

Charles Amburgey seven acres of land	7.70 \$4
Mint Banks, 1 acre land Montgomery creek	4.32 \$4
Elijah Banks heirs 50 acres land	9.34 \$4
W. R. Bates, 154 acres land Elk creek	26.55 \$4
Bill Blair 3 acres land Blair Branch	13.14 \$4
Hira McCampbell 55 acres land near Hallie PO	20.47 \$4
James Caudill 20 acres land near Whitesburg	14.84 \$4
Herman Caudill Tract land on Mill branch	10.33 \$4
Sarah Caudill 75 acres land	13.98 \$4
Harrison Caudill a tract of land	5.41 \$4
Levi Caudill one fourth acre land	13.99 \$4
Henry Caudill 1 tract of land	7.21 \$4
Wilbur Caudill one acre land	8.04 \$4
G. M. Caudill 40 acres land on Linefork	5.57 \$4
Henry Crase one mill located on Elk Creek	15.12 \$4
Wash Combs 50 acres land Montgomery creek	14.10 \$4
John Combs 25 acres land head Elk creek	7.87 \$4
Ollie Gilley 29 acres land near Whitesburg	7.48 \$4
F. Hampton & Company	78.78 \$4
Dewey Hampton half acre land	8.05 \$4
Stephen J. Ison 12 acres land on Rockhouse	56.33 \$4
Dulcra Ingram 300 acres land near Dalna	7.92 \$4
Frankling 2 acres land near Blackey	5.78 \$4
Will Jent 10 acres land near Blackey	7.92 \$4
J. H. Marshall 60 acres land near Blackey	14.85 \$4
Tamas Morton one fourth acre land	3.81 \$4
Cullen Morton two acres land	6.36 \$4
Mat Morton one eighth acre land	4.06 \$4
A. J. McKenzie five eighths acre land	19.71 \$4
Andy Napier 100 acres mineral on Cowan	23.96 \$4
John Pumbo one town lot in Whitesburg	25.01 \$4
J. B. Roark land near mouth of Elk Creek	38.65 \$4
Hattie Stamper 69 acres land	11.70 \$4
Manda Stamper 100 acres and near Roxana	23.73 \$4
Stidham & Ison store of John Stidham on Colly	45.37 \$4
Jeff Whitaker 20 acres land	5.80 \$4
James R. Whitaker one half acre of land	7.10 \$4
Elijah Whitaker 128 acres land near Roxana	139.53 \$4
George Whitaker interest in Moses Whitaker est.	6.58 \$4
Jeff Ison interest in Moses Whitaker est.	11.45 \$4
Boyd Whitaker 20 acres land on Linefork	7.21 \$4
E. C. Bentley one town lot in Whitesburg	16.96 \$4
U. G. Hemphill one store in Whitesburg	14.00 \$4
James Speaks 30 acres land on Little Colly	44.52 \$4
Mantie Whitaker one lot tin Blackey	52.36 \$4

DISTRICT NO. 3

James Adams 75 acres land on Rockhouse	19.45 \$4
Green Adams estate 35 acres land on Rockhouse	19.50 \$4
Squire Adams 50 acres land on Rockhouse	11.87 \$4
I. D. Adams one tract land on Rockhouse	5.51 \$4
Shade Adams Sr. 30 acres land on Rockhouse	9.75 \$4
Jim Adams 3 acres land on Rockhouse	5.93 \$4
Wm. Adams 3 acres land on Rockhouse	8.37 \$4
Robert Bates jr 245 acres land int. R. Bates est.	171.55 \$4
E. W. Bedwell 10 acres land	5.51 \$4
Irvin D. Caudill 10 acres land	4.22 \$4
E. Z. Caudill one half acre land	4.00 \$4
Stephen Craft one tract of land	6.57 \$4
Jim Collins one fourth acre land	3.32 \$4
Bev Collins 14 acres land	2.23 \$4
Wesley Collins 41 acres land	6.44 \$4
Dewey Collins 35 acres land	10.10 \$4
Jesse Cook 2 acres land	9.21 \$4
Evens Cook heirs 75 acres land on Rockhouse	3.49 \$4
Jim Combs 30 acres land Little Colly	14.90 \$4
Willard Gibson 14 acres land on Rockhouse	2.67 \$4
John Hill 25 acres land on Little Colly	10.35 \$4
Gid Ison 27 acres land on Rockhouse	7.97 \$4
Charlie Kiser 25 acres land on Rockhouse	8.06 \$4
W. M. Neice 10 acres land on Rockhouse	4.64 \$4
Elam Igmam, admr., 50 acres land on Rockhouse	8.51 \$4
J. T. Smith 325 acres land on Rockhouse	179.69 \$4
Thomas Seton 50 acres land on Rockhouse	3.40 \$4
Willie Sexton 3-1-2 acres land on Rockhouse	2.13 \$4
J. M. Sexton 25 acres land on Rockhouse	9.71 \$4
Martha Sexton 60 acres of land on Rockhouse	16.96 \$4
Elijah Sargent heirs 202 acres land on Rockhouse	41.74 \$4
Ardelia Smith 25 acres land on Little Colly	7.80 \$4
James B. Taylor 25 acres land on Rockhouse	4.10 \$4
Wilson Taylor one half acre land	5.51 \$4
Morgan Taylor 8 acres land	1.72 \$4
Solomon Thomas 50 acres of land	18.57 \$4
Charlie Tyree 15 acres land	7.21 \$4
Dick Vance 6 acres land	16.19 \$4

MISCELLANEOUS LIST

Adamson Coal Company lease, equipment etc.	85.85 \$4
Associated Coal & Gas Co., mineral leases etc.	17.04 \$4
Alta M. Adams 48 acres land	4.51 \$4
Altoona Trust Company 559 acres of land	620.78 \$4
Burdine Coal Co., mine equipment etc.	8.48 \$4
Henry C. Boggs 10 acres land	7.63 \$4
Gilbert Boggs 30 acres land	2.97 \$4
Sam Banks 30 acres land	2.97 \$4
Nancy Beck 9 acres land	6.36 \$4
Rebecca Beck 7 acres land	3.33 \$4
Sarah Beck 7 acres land	3.33 \$4
W. M. Campbell one town lot	3.56 \$4
Flisba Creech 15 acres land	1.27 \$4
Green Collier 2-1-2 acres land	.85 \$4
Carter Oil Company lease	.85 \$4
Isaac Cohen 480 acres land	80.90 \$4
Kelly Combs 60 acres land near Blackey	12.85 \$4
A. C. T. Combs 33 acres of land on Solomon	19.74 \$4
W. Blairs estate 131 acres land	15.58 \$4
Dudley Coal Co., mro equip. etc. 107 acres	2328.58 \$4
Jim Diar 6 acres land	1.35 \$4
Mary Ann Dingus 2 acres land	.34 \$4
Frederick & Turner one house and lot in Whitesburg	68.97 \$4
Elkhorn Hazard Coal Co. lease and mine equip.	738.97 \$4
Mazgie Fields 75 acres land	9.30 \$4
Riley Frazier 127 acres land	30.23 \$4
Olmer Francis admr 100 acres land	79.36 \$4
Polkree Gobins 1 town lot Fas Jenkins	7.65 \$4
Thomas Goins 30 acres land on Thornton	12.42 \$4
Eastington By-product Coal Co. lease, mine equip.	216.76 \$4
Finley Hensley one town lot	7.63 \$4
W. H. Hughes one tract land	8.48 \$4

Anna Hall 5 acres land	4.24 \$4
Edwin M. Ison 50 acres land	8.56 \$4
Burnett Ison 26 acres land	6.60 \$4
Jenkins Coal & Coke Corp., lease, mine equip. etc.	201.25 \$4
A. P. Johnson 32 acres land	5.43 \$4
John Jackson 23 acres land	12.23 \$4
Little 30 acres land	5.14 \$4
Logan Elkhorn Coal Co., land 492 acres head river	231.38 \$4
D. E. Mullins one half acre land	12.23 \$4
Palmyra Mullins 75 acres land	17.12 \$4
James May one town lot	10.28 \$4
Marion Coal Co., lease, mine equipment etc.	2091.54 \$4
Arch C. Miller, lease, mine, equipment, etc.	37.38 \$4
Frank Majoritty one half acre land	5.14 \$4
Didema Potter 30 acres land	25.68 \$4
J. Martin Potter, 4 acre s land head of Ky. River	48.05 \$4
Letcher Co. Coal Corp. 5500 acres land	30001.50 \$4
Levi Potter 300 acres land	70.14 \$4
Pennygrade Oil & Gas Co. mineral leases	12.13 \$4
S. R. Rogers one tract land	3.39 \$4
Oppha E. Rapp etc 40 acres land on Cumberland	32.54 \$4
Vinia Sexton 8 acres land	1.59 \$4
F. L. Stephens standing timber on Cowan	71.58 \$4
Julia Smith 40 acres land	8.22 \$4
Mrs Belle Smith 3-1-2 acres land	4.33 \$4
Mrs. Sallie Smith 40 acres land	8.93 \$4
Stickley & English standing timber	26.08 \$4
W. H. Turner tract of land on Solomon	17.38 \$4
Ulva Coal Co 700 acre lease, equipment etc.	656.77 \$4
Sam H. Wright 140 town lot	81.75 \$4
W. B. Writ 140 acres land	63.67 \$4
Whitesburg Tel. Co. switchboard telephone	14.92 \$4
Joseph Yonts tract land on Pine creek	180.37 \$4
J. M. Young 551 acres land	

TOWN OF WHITESBURG

Robert Blair Jr one town lot in Whitesburg	31.43 \$4
C. H. Back one town lot in Whitesburg	161.86 \$4
S. E. Baker one town lot in Whitesburg	50.82 \$4
J. P. Caudill one town lot in Whitesburg	43.90 \$4
J. P. Caudill one town lot in Whitesburg	21.82 \$4
Arthur Dixon one town lot in Whitesburg	18.41 \$4
W. C. Dixon 1 town lot in Wh. sold to W. L. Pe	27.60 \$4
W. C. Daniel one light plant in Whitesburg	60.74 \$4
Wise, Franklin & Son one town lot in Whitesburg	38.49 \$4
J. H. Frazier tract land near Wh. Cornelia Bottom	143.19 \$4

DISTRICT NO. 4

Napoleon Boggs 35 acres land on Cumberland river	9.43 \$4
J. B. Collier 35 acres land on Cumberland	24.87 \$4
Ballard Collier 110 acres land on Cumberland	18.38 \$4
Willard Collier 5 acres land on Cumberland river	3.89 \$4
Sallie Day one acre land on Cumberland river	.60 \$4
A. B. Hampton 20 acres land on Cumberland river	5.32 \$4
Hiram Maggard 15 acres land on Cumberland river	5.00 \$4
Andy Maggard 30 acres land on Cumberland river	5.09 \$4
Willie Mullins 15 acres land Cumberland river	3.90 \$4
J. P. Mullins 25 acres land Cumberland river	11.73 \$4
Lewis Roberts 71 acres land on Cumberland river	9.84 \$4
J. H. Stidham 35 acres land Cumberland river	26.96 \$4
Willson Sumpter 25 acres land Cumberland river	8.27 \$4
Liton Smith 25 acres land Cumberland river	6.80 \$4

Witness my hand this January 2, 1924.

JAS. COMBS, SHERIFF LETCHER COUNTY.

SALE FOR TAXES

By virtue of taxes due thh Town of Whitesburg for the year 1923 I will on Monday, January 7, 1924, between the hours of 12 m. and 2 p. m. at the Courthouse door in Whitesburg, Letcher County, Ky., expose to public sale to the highest bidder, for cash in hand the following property or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due, and costs, to-wit:

J. H. Blair, lot near overhad bridge	\$ 6.89 \$4
C. H. Back lot on R. R. street	\$7.31 \$4
F. C. Colosante house and lot nar Courthouse	\$ 9.15 \$4
Tony Cornett hous and lot near depot	\$ 2.65 \$4
Eugust Codispoli lot on College hill	\$ 239 \$4
E. E. Day, lot near overhad bridge	\$ 5.30 \$4
W. C. Daniel sr lot on R. R. street	\$16.96 \$4
W. C. Dixon lot near Presbyterian church	\$16.48 \$4
F. G. Fields store bldg near Co. bridge	\$31.80 \$4
S. H. Hart lot near depot	\$17.50 \$4
Owen Pigman house and lot Lewis Add	\$11.13 \$4
J. K. Shackelford, coal leaseform JH Frazier	\$10.40 \$4
Whitesburg Confectionery 1 soda fountain	\$5.30 \$4
Wh. Ice & Feed, Joe I. Day, house & lot nr. dep.	\$1.20 \$4
W. C. Eversole house and lot Main st.	\$26.50 \$4
Jennie Blair house and lot Lewis Add.	\$ 7.95 \$4
J. C. Hilton house and lot on Solomon Br	\$ 5.30 \$4
Alphonso Polchetti, house and lot nr. depot	\$ 3.71 \$4
Whitesburg Tel. Co. switchboard & outfit	\$17.50 \$4
Isaacs & Lwis, coal lease, steel, etc	\$10.60 \$4

This December 13, 1923. J. Henry Brown, Collector.

MACK & SLONE
SANITARY MEAT MARKET
Fresh Meats at All Times
Prices Right
Main St., Opp. KY Hotel
WHITESBURG, KY

AS YU SOW SO SHALL YOU REAP

Money spent foolishly never brings a return. The best relief for all worry about your future is to acquire the habit of depositing a portion of your earnings regularly, and reap a return in the way of interest.

Save While You Earn

First National Bank

Jenkins, Kentucky

Capital \$75,000 Surplus & Profts over \$50,000
Deposits Over Six Hundred Thousand Dollars



Take a box with you!
If you have headache, backache, toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, sciatica
DR. MILES' Anti-Pain Pills
will give you quick relief. A package of these pills in your pocket or in your shopping bag may save you hours of suffering.
Your druggist sells them at pre-war prices—25 doses 25 cents. Economy package, 125 doses \$1.00.

Fitzpatrick Drugstore

STRAY COW

On or about July 1, 1923, a stray cow about six years old, red with slightly white face, came to my place and has been there and cared for by me ever since. She s dehorned, breachy, and wears a bell. Owner can have same by paying for keep and \$2 for this notice.

This Nov. 29, 1923.
S. T. Wright, Millstone, Ky.

\$20-\$100 A WEEK

High salaried positions which we must fill. Write today for full particulars as to how to qualify immediately for one of these positions. Your training may be had in any of our resident schools, at home during spare time, or in evenings while holding your present position. A card will bring you the desired information. Write today.—MILLER SCHOOL OF BUSINESS, Woolworth Bldg LEXINGTON, KY. Danville, Frankfort

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Services each Sunday. Sundayschool 9:45, Sermons 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., C. E. Society at 6:30 p. m.

Song and prayer service Wednesday 7 p. m.
Rev. J. W. Bell, Pastor

FOR SALE

About 700 acres of Pine Mountain land, in four tracts. Price if sold together \$6.50 per acre. 35 acres on South side of the Poor Fork of the Cumberland river with 10 acres surface adjoining the 35 acre tract. Prices on request.

Also 430 acres of mineral rights in five tracts on the waters of the Kentucky river in Letcher county, Ky. Price if all takn \$5.25 per acre. Also about 115 acres surface on Kentucky water at \$600.

Also about 90 acres of mineral rights in Harlan county on waters of the Poor Fork river. If interested call or address, I. N. Lewis, Whitesburg, Ky. Power of attorney to sell if sold at once.

RYLAND C. MUSICK
Redwine Bldg., Phones 121 & 88
Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law
Jackson, Ky.
—
State and Federal Practice
—
Specializing in
Damage and Criminal Cases



For Three Score Years And Ten The L. & N. Has Served You
For seventy years, the L. & N. Railroad has served the people of the South. Beginning in a humble way, this Railroad has grown into one of the great transportation systems of America, operating a net-work of 5,000 miles of track running from the Ohio to the Gulf, entering and serving thirteen states, a dozen or more large cities, and the vast urban and rural population between, and giving constant employment to more than 50,000 men and women. It has materially assisted in the building of the splendid agricultural and industrial territory developed in the heart of the Southland. The L. & N. has never failed to pay every dollar due its workers, its creditors, its bondholders, and during a majority of these years has paid dividends to its stockholders. This Railroad owns and pays taxes on property valued at more than three hundred and seventy million dollars—and is constantly adding to this investment. The L. & N. enters its seventy-first year, bigger and stronger and better able to serve. In order that you may know more of the accomplishments of this Railroad, as well as the problems which confront its management, these informative bulletins will continue to appear regularly in this newspaper.



Fact No. 26

THE OLD RELIABLE

WHAT A CHECK MEANS

When you receive a check it indicates that the person who signed it realizes the safety and convenience of paying out money in that safe and convenient way.

When the check is drawn on the First National Bank of Fleming, it indicates further, that the signer realizes the advantages of dealing with a bank which belongs to the Federal Reserve System, and which shares in the strength and the broad facilities of this great banking association. Federal Reserve Membership such as this bank enjoys, means efficient service and unquestioned safety.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
FLEMING, KY.

Does a General Banking business

Solicits Your Account

Blackey State Bank

Blackey, Kentucky

Services each Sunday. Sundayschool 9:45, Sermons 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., C. E. Society at 6:30 p. m.

Song and prayer service Wednesday 7 p. m.

Rev. J. W. Bell, Pastor

FOR SALE

About 700 acres of Pine Mountain land, in four tracts. Price if sold together \$6.50 per acre.

35 acres on South side of the Poor Fork of the Cumberland river with 10 acres surface adjoining the 35 acre tract. Prices on request.

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Also about 90 acres of mineral rights in Harlan county on waters of the Poor Fork river. If interested call or address, I. N. Lewis, Whitesburg, Ky. Power of attorney to sell if sold at once.

EVENTS OF 1923
PASS IN REVIEWHappenings at Home and Abroad
During the Twelve Months
That Have Just Closed.

PRESIDENT HARDING'S DEATH

Futile Attempts to Settle German Reparations Problem—France Occupies the Ruhr—Turkey's Diplomatic Triumph—Terrible Earthquake in Japan—American Prosperity and Politics.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

With the exception of Germany, ruined by her own acts, and Japan, shattered by the forces of nature, the world was better off at the close of 1923 than at its beginning. This is especially true of the United States, Italy, Finland, Czechoslovakia, Turkey, and probably Russia, though the information coming from the land of the Soviets has been so colored that it was difficult to determine true conditions there.

Economic recovery of the world was retarded, as it was during the previous twelve months, by failure to settle the matter of the German reparations and by the steady decline of Germany toward the point of absolute collapse. The occupation of the Ruhr by France and the resulting disputes with Great Britain brought on repeated crises each of which seemed to threaten the final disruption of the entente cordiale.

Several proposals for commissions to determine Germany's capacity to pay were made, but each of them required the participation of the United States and each time the American government found unacceptable the restrictions insisted upon by Premier Poincaré of France. As the year drew toward its close, however, the reparations commission was preparing to appoint two committees of experts to help work out the problem, and President Coolidge approved of the appointment of Americans on these committees.

Turkey gained power and prestige through the Lausanne peace conference and the resulting treaties with the allies and with the United States. Late in the year she added herself to the list of republics with Mustafa Kemal Pasha as her first president.

Under the leadership of General Primo Rivera and other army officers and aristocrats, there was a house-cleaning in Spain that resulted in the turning out of the crowd of politicians that had for years been battering on the spoils of misgovernment. The so-called democratic government was overthrown and a dictatorial council substituted.

President Harding's death in San Francisco threw all the United States—and indeed all the civilized world—into heart-felt mourning. Vice President Calvin Coolidge, succeeding to the chief magistracy, carried on in general the policies of his predecessor. Mr. Harding had been considered the certain nominee of the Republican party in 1924, and his demise threw open the lists and made the political contest intensely interesting.

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

German reparations and complications resulting from the failure to pay them occupied much of the attention of European diplomats. Early in January the allied premiers held a futile conference in Paris, and France prepared for separate action to collect from Germany. About the same time Secretary Hughes announced the United States would not consider Berlin's proposal for a four-power European peace pact and also informally advised France not to occupy the Ruhr. France, however, was determined, and the reparations commission gave her the opening by declaring Germany in willful default in coal deliveries. Germany formally protesting and Great Britain not approving, the French on January 11 began the occupation of the Ruhr, seizing its most important cities one after another. President Harding expressed his disapproval by recalling the American troops from Germany. Chancellor Cuno, with the support of the reichstag, declared a "moral war" of passive resistance and ordered all state employees not to obey the French. The mine owners and later the industrial magnates fell in with this program and for months the French were balked in their efforts to get any considerable revenue from the region. They seized customs, bank funds and railways, and arrested many industrial leaders and officials, but the passive resistance was not broken until late in September. The occupation was assisted actively by Belgium and passively by Italy. Great Britain, though she did not actually hamper the French, gave them no help.

On May 2 Germany made a new reparations offer of \$7,500,000,000, with many conditions, and it was immediately rejected by France. England also declared the offer insufficient. Berlin then asked a new reparations conference on the total sum and offered annuities of 1,500,000,000 gold marks. Great Britain invited France and Italy to join her in a reply to this, and submitted a draft of her proposed answer, but this also fell through. The British government thereupon set a note to France and Belgium declaring the Ruhr occupa-

tion illegal and a failure, insisting on an impartial reparations inquiry after the plan suggested by Secretary of State Hughes, and saying France must pay enough of the money lent her to enable Great Britain to pay America. Again no results, Premier Poincaré declaring Germany must settle the reparations question before an economic accord could be reached. Chancellor Stresemann, who had succeeded Dr. Cuno, announced the abandonment of passive resistance and said no more reparations would be paid and the treaty of Versailles would be repudiated. He also put an end to the aid which the government had been giving the inhabitants of the occupied regions. Soon after this the industrial magnates of the Ruhr and Rhineland signed a pact with the French for the resumption of work and of payments of material.

In December the reparations commission decided to appoint two committees of experts, one to examine German money in foreign lands and the other to try to devise means by which Germany might balance her budget and stabilize her finances. Poincaré now resumed in a yielding mood and President Coolidge announced he approved of unofficial American participation through the selection of Americans as members of these committees.

Turkey's diplomatic victory at Lausanne was not easily won. While the conference was deadlocked in January Mustafa Kemal mobilized armies to move against Constantinople, Mosul and other points and called three classes to the colors to combat the Greeks in Thrace. The quarrel in the peace conference was incessant. On January 31 the allies submitted a treaty to the Turks, demanding its acceptance within four days. The Turks agreed to sign it if the economic clauses were reserved for future settlement. Lord Curzon departed in a rage, and on February 6 the conference broke up. Diplomatic conversations continued, however; the British indicated they would make concessions, and the conference was resumed on April 23, Russia being excluded. On July 24 a treaty was signed which gave to Turkey nearly all she had demanded, the question of oil concessions being left for later consideration. A few days later the United States and Turkey signed treaties of amity and commerce and on extradition. By October 2 the allied military forces had evacuated Constantinople and the Turks soon after took formal possession of their old capital.

Warfare between Italy and Greece in the autumn was narrowly averted. An Italian military commissioner and his aids were murdered in Albania and on August 28 Italy demanded that Greece apologize abjectly and pay reparations. The Greek reply being unsatisfactory, the Italians promptly bombarded and occupied the island of Corfu. Greece appealed to the League of Nations, which was disposed to take up the affair; but Premier Mussolini declared Italy would withdraw from the league and ignore its decision if it insisted on arbitrating the dispute. The situation was most embarrassing for the league, but the allied council of ambassadors rescued it by assuming jurisdiction and ordering Greece to comply with Italy's demands almost in their entirety. Greece gave in, apologized and paid 50,000,000 lire indemnity, and on September 27 Italy evacuated Corfu.

Mussolini achieved another triumph by an agreement with Jugoslavia whereby Italy obtained possession of Fiume.

In January American and British commissions met in Washington to negotiate the refunding of the British war debt to America, and their task was soon completed to the apparent satisfaction of both nations. The Washington treaty on reduction of armament and concerning the Pacific, ratified by Italy in February and by France in July. Through the efforts of an American commission sent to Mexico, the government of our neighbor was finally brought to amicable terms and the long-withheld recognition was accorded by Washington on August 31.

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS

Overshadowing all other events in the United States was the death of President Warren G. Harding. He had long planned a trip through the Middle and Far West and to Alaska in order to talk with the people and get their reactions. Though tired out and far from well, he started on June 28, accompanied by Mrs. Harding and several members of his cabinet. After delivering several important addresses, notably one advocating American membership in the World court, he sailed to Alaska. Returning thence to San Francisco, he fell ill there on July 28. Four days later, on August 2, he passed away. The taking of his body back to Washington, the services there, the trip to Marion, Ohio, and the interment there of the little town's distinguished citizen on August 10 gave the people of the country ample opportunity to show in what high esteem and affection they held Mr. Harding. Literally the entire nation mourned sincerely, and all the other nations gave expression to their grief. Vice President Calvin Coolidge took the oath of office as President at his father's home in Plymouth, Vt., and assumed his new duties at once, retaining the entire Harding cabinet and announcing that he would carry out the Harding policies where possible. It had been taken for granted that the Republican party would nominate Mr. Harding in 1924, and Mr. Coolidge immediately became a probable nominee. However, before the year

closed other candidates came forward, notably Senator Hiram Johnson of California, Governor Pinchot of Pennsylvania and Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin. For the Democratic nomination there were several probabilities, including Senator Underwood and William G. McAdoo, avowedly for Governor of New York. The Republican nomination of Henry Ford was much talked of by the party and by a third of the nation. The Republican nomination of Henry Ford was much talked of by the party and by a third of the nation.

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Secretary of the Interior, from President Harding's death on March 4 and was succeeded by Herbert Hoover as minister to Sweden. The latter's place as ambassador to Peru; R. M. Tobin as minister to the Netherlands; E. T. Sanborn as associate justice of the Supreme court of the United States, and Gen. Frank T. Hines as director of the veterans' bureau. The latter appointment was followed by charges of mismanagement, waste, etc., against the former director, Colonel Forbes, which were investigated by a senate committee.

Having passed the agricultural credit bill and many acts of lesser importance, and killing the ship-subsidy bill, the Sixty-seventh congress came to an end on March 4. The Sixty-eighth congress met on December 3 and the Republican majority was so slender that a bloc of so-called progressives, led by the balance of power, Speaker Gillett, was re-elected, and President Coolidge then delivered his first message, in which he declared himself in favor of American membership in the World court, advocated reduction of taxes and opposed the soldiers' bonus.

Two governors got into serious trouble. Walter of Oklahoma, who said he was fighting the Ku Klux Klan, came into conflict with the state legislature and assumed virtually dictatorial powers. Despite his efforts to prevent it, the legislature met in special session, the house impeached him on numerous charges and the senate, sitting as a trial court, found him guilty and removed him from his office. Walton was then indicted by a grand jury. The other state executive in trouble was Gov. W. T. McCray of Indiana, who got into deep financial entanglements and also was indicted.

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FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Germany's internal economic and financial situation was a source of national worry and brought on a state of alarm almost everywhere. The government tried to meet the situation by keeping up the flood of paper marks and of course the mark declined until billions could be had for one dollar and those who had anything to sell refused to accept the practically worthless currency. In August Chancellor Cuno presented a "rescue plan" to the reichstag. It was rejected and Cuno resigned, Gustave Stresemann succeeding him and forming the first coalition majority government in Germany's history. He undertook to reform the finances by the issue of a new currency, the Renten mark, backed by the country's resources. This was far from successful.

Throughout the year the royalists

or nationalists of Germany were exceedingly active, those of Bavaria usually taking the lead. In September the Bavarians actually revolted against the Berlin government and made Gustave von Kahr dictator of the state. The reichstag thereupon gave Stresemann dictatorial powers. A little later the socialist governments of Saxony and Thuringia refused to obey the chancellor, and he subdued them by a show of military force. He yielded to Bavaria's demand for greater autonomy, but this was not enough. On November 8 Hitler, leader of the Bavarian Fascists, and General von Lüttich attempted a royalist coup in Munich and other cities and threatened to march on Berlin. This revolt was easily put down by national police and the workers' militia. Hitler and Ludendorff were arrested. On November 10 Frederick William, the former crown prince, suddenly returned to Germany from Holland.

In October the separatists of the Rhineland got into action and set up a republic which was looked upon with favor by France. However, it was not able to maintain itself very successfully, and there was almost constant fighting with the national forces. Another separatist movement was started in the Bavarian palatinate, but it failed for the time being.

Late in November Chancellor Stresemann's coalition went to pieces and a vote of confidence in the reichstag he resigned. Dr. Heinrich Brüning, unpleasantly remembered in America, and Adam Stegerwald both failed to form acceptable ministries, and so Dr. Wilhelm Marx, leader of the Catholic party, was made chancellor on November 29 and got together a cabinet that included Stresemann as foreign minister and that was expected to carry on his policies.

The revolution in Spain, which was connected with the unsatisfactory war with the Moors, took place in September. The revolt, led by General Primo Rivera, Marquis de Estella, was against the cabinet and corrupt politicians and also was an expression of reaction against the growth of socialism and syndicalism among the workers. The king supported it and the cabinet resigned on September 14. A military dictatorship was established and Rivera was made sole chief of the administration. The new government made itself popular at once by a campaign on profiteering and gambling, by cutting expenses to the bone and by other drastic measures of reform. Trial by jury was suspended because of the corruption of the courts. Altogether, it was a happy revolution for Spain.

Bulgaria also had a revolution, almost bloodless, when Stamboulliski's peasant government was overthrown on June 9 and the premier himself was captured and killed. Professor Zhekov was made head of the new government. In September the Communists and peasants resorted to arms in an attempt to regain power, but they were soon suppressed.

Andrew Bonar Law, prime minister of Great Britain, resigned on May 20 because of the illness that caused his death in October. He was succeeded by Stanley Baldwin, who had been chancellor of the exchequer. On October 1 an imperial conference and an economic conference of the British empire opened in London, and various important measures were debated and adopted designed to bind the component parts of the empire by closer commercial ties at the same time leaving them their full measure of self-government. These questions brought to the fore the old question of free trade or protection, and since the government had promised there should be no change in the tariff policy during the life of the existing parliament, Prime Minister Baldwin dissolved parliament on November 16 and an election was called for December 6. Former Premier Lloyd George, who had been on a speaking tour of the United States, arrived home just in time to make up his old quarrel with the other wing of the liberal party, and went into the campaign with vigor. When the votes were counted it was found that while the Liberals and Laborites both had won many seats from the Conservatives, no one of the three parties had a majority. The Laborites, however, announced that their leader, Ramsay MacDonald, would undertake to form a government as soon as called upon, whereupon Prime Minister Baldwin declared he and his cabinet would retain office at least until the new parliament had met in January.

During the early months of the year Irish republicans continued their guerrilla warfare on the Free State. On April 10, their chief of staff, James Connelley, was killed in a fight and his followers to escape hostilities and negotiate peace. The Dublin government refused to treat with him and on August 15 he was placed under arrest.

Chinese factions fought bitterly throughout the entire year, and in October President Li Yuan-hung was succeeded by Marshal Tso-kun. Considerable excitement was caused in May by the capture of a number of foreigners by Chinese bandits, who demanded large ransom and immunity. The prisoners included several Americans and English, and for a time armed intervention by their governments seemed likely. However, the Peking government bought off the outlaws after long negotiations. In Russia, the so-called rulers gradually modified their Communist policies, there seemed to be steady progress toward stability. Most other nations still withheld recognition of the Moscow government, but a number of them made commercial arrangements with the Soviet regime. The Russian supreme court condemned Archbishop

Zepiak and Vicar General Butchka of the Roman Catholic church to death for revolutionary activities. The latter was executed, but Zepiak's sentence was commuted to ten years' imprisonment.

Early in December another revolution was attempted in Mexico, the leader being Adolfo de la Huerta who was offered because President Obregon would not support his candidacy for the presidency. The revolt spread rapidly, but before the month closed Obregon seemed to have the situation well in hand.

INDUSTRIAL AND LABOR

Only one really big strike marred the record of the year in the United States, and that did not last long. The miners in the anthracite fields and their employers tried in vain to fix a new wage scale and working conditions, and on August 21 they broke off negotiations. With the approval of President Coolidge, Governor Pinchot of Pennsylvania undertook to handle the problem, and proposed a compromise on August 20. The strike began officially two days later, but the negotiations were continued. Pinchot's plan was accepted September 8 and the miners resumed work on September 20.

At various times during the year the railway labor board adjusted the wages of certain classes of rail workers, usually raising them. Some of the roads made separate agreements with their employees, giving them increased pay. April 9 the steel industry raised the wages of common labor 11 per cent and adjusted the pay of other classes, and on April 13 the Chicago packing house employees and building trade workers were given an increase. The steel makers had been attacked bitterly for maintaining the twelve-hour day, and on August 2 Elbert H. Gary of the U. S. Steel corporation announced its elimination.

The American Federation of Labor met in annual convention in Portland, Ore., and, among other acts, voted against the formation of a political labor party and also against the recognition of the Russian Soviet government. The advocates of these measures and indeed all the more radical factions in the federation were routed by President Gompers, who was re-elected.

DISASTERS

Unequaled in modern times was the disaster that befell Japan on September 1 when, violent earthquake shocks and resultant fires destroyed Yokohama entirely and about two-thirds of Tokyo and ruined many smaller towns. The number of killed was estimated at 225,000, and the injured at more than half that number. Though many of the houses were flimsy, the property loss was enormous. The hundreds of thousands of refugees suffered severely, but the American government and the American Red Cross were swift with relief measures, and other nations joined in the work. Shiploads of food and millions of dollars were rushed to the stricken land, and the Japanese government was materially aided in its task of rebuilding the ruined cities.

Among other serious disasters of the year were: January 3, twenty persons killed by collapse of a bridge at Kelo, Wash.; February 8, mine explosion at Dawson killed 120, and one at Cumberland, B. C., killed 30; February 18, twenty-two patients and three attendants were killed in insane asylum fire on Ward's island, New York; March 10, Greek transport sank with 150 soldiers; April 6, tidal waves in Korea and Japan killed 600; May 14, Hot Springs, Ark., partly destroyed by flood and fire; May 17, twenty-three killed in burning of a schoolhouse at Cleveland, S. C.; June 10, disastrous floods in Kansas, Oklahoma and Colorado; June 13, thousands of Persians killed by earthquake; June 18, several towns destroyed by eruption of Mt. Etna; August 14, coal mine explosion at Kemmerer, Wyo., killed 98; August 18, Hongkong badly damaged by typhoon; August 22, million-dollar flood in Arkansas valley, Colorado; September 8, nine U. S. destroyers wrecked on California coast, 23 lives being lost; September 15, typhoon and floods killed 5,000 in Japan; September 17, large part of Berkeley, Cal., destroyed by flames; September 27, forty killed in Burlington train wreck at Lockett, Wyo.; November 13, earthquake in Shansi province, China, killed 1,500; December 1, nearly 400 killed by bursting of dam near Bergamo, Italy; December 9, nine killed and many injured in wreck of the Twentieth Century train at Forsyth, N. C.; December 15, destructive earthquake in Colombia and Ecuador.

NECROLOGY

Death reaped his usual harvest of prominent men and women in 1923. The more notable of his victims were, in January: W. T. Whiting, Edwin Stevens, paper in H. magazine; Edwin Stevens, actor; Mrs. Cora L. V. Richmond, spiritual leader; Dr. Emil G. Hirsch, eminent rabbi of Chicago; George Hamlin, singer; Constantine, former king of Greece; W. M. Moore, financier; Alexandre Ribot, French statesman; Frederic Harrison, English historian; Wallace Reid, motion picture star; Max Nordau, German philosopher; Dr. Paul Reinsch, former minister to China; Dr. W. S. Haines, toxicologist of Chicago; Henry Clews, New York banker.

In February: Bishop C. J. O'Reilly of Lincoln, Neb.; Cardinal Primate, archbishop of Naples, E. E. Barnard,

astronomer; ex-Senator J. A. Hemenway of Indiana; Prof. W. C. Roon, discoverer of the X-ray; Judge Martin Knapp of the federal court of appeals; Bishop C. D. Williams of Michigan; Prince Miguel de Braganza; Theophile Delcasse, French statesman; Mrs. John A. Logan; George R. Peck, lawyer and orator; Charlemagne Tower, American statesman; ex-Senator G. C. Perkins of California; Frederic De Belleville, actor; ex-Senator J. R. Duran of Kansas.

In March: Congressman W. Bourke Cockran of New York; William G. Beale, Chicago lawyer; Orson Smith, Chicago banker; Charles D. Norton, New York banker; Chancellor J. R. Day, educator; Dr. G. Frank Lydston, noted surgeon; Dr. John M. McBryde, southern educator; M. D. Campbell, member of federal reserve board; Senator S. D. Nicholson of Colorado; Mue Sarah Bernhardt, actress; Congressman John R. Tyson of Alabama; George Manoury, French war hero; E. D. Hulbert, Chicago banker.

In April: Earl of Carnarvon; Horace Boies, former governor of Iowa; Rear Admiral H. S. Knapp; Mother Superior General Carmela of the Franciscan nuns; Stuyvesant Fish, financier and railway man; George A. Yule, Wisconsin financier; W. T. Hazen, former chief of United States secret service; Taylor Granville, actor and playwright; Jess Dandy, comedian; Bishop Daniel Tuttle; ex-Governor Fred M. Warner of Michigan; Rev. Dr. G. C. Houghton, pastor of the "Little Church Around the Corner" in New York; Maj. Gen. Frank D. Baldwin; A. B. Seelenfreund, international secretary of B'nai B'rith; Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota; Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, D. A. R. leader; Emerson Hough, author; Bishop Alfred Harding of Washington.

In May: Rear Admiral W. S. Cowles; Howard Saxby, lecturer; Congressman John W. Rainey of Chicago; Sadie Martinot, one-time musical comedy star; Brig. Gen. H. M. Robert; N. C. Wright, publisher of Toledo Blade; Dr. J. A. Macdonald, former editor of the Toronto Globe; A. G. Webster, physicist; Dr. T. N. Ivey, editor of Southern Christian Advocate; George Jay Gould; Dr. Florenz Ziegfeld, veteran musical educator; O. R. Halvorsen, Norwegian statesman; Capt. H. W. Baker, ship owner of Detroit; ex-Governor J. W. Folk of Missouri; Congressman Claude Kitchin of North Carolina.

In June: Judge Thomas G. Windes, Chicago jurist; Pierre Loti, French writer; Maurice Hewlett, English novelist; John McFarland, president of International Typographical union; Paul Cornoyer, American artist; Milward Adams, theatrical producer of Chicago; Edward R. Potter, sculptor. In July: A. W. Marchmont, English novelist; Dr. J. G. Kilman, alienist of Chicago; Bishop James Ryan of Alton, Ill.; Mrs. Cyrus McCormick, philanthropist and widow of harvester manufacturer; Vice Admiral de Bon of France; former Supreme court Justice William R. Day; Helen Ring Robinson, Colorado's first woman senator; Congressman Luther W. Mort of Oregon; N. Y. Albert Chevalier, English actor; Dr. L. Wilbur Messer, M. C. A. leader; Louis Couperus, Dutch novelist; John M. Siddall, editor of American Magazine; Judge W. H. Gabbert, Colorado jurist; Rear Admiral C. D. Sizabee; William Holabird, Chicago architect; Gen. Francisco Villa, ex-leader of Mexican rebels; Sir Charles Hawtrey, English actor.

In August: Warren G. Harding, President of the United States; Col. John I. Martin, veteran sergeant at arms of Democratic national conventions; Mrs. Candace T. Wheeler, author; Prince Fabrizio Colonna, Italian statesman; Randall Parish, author; Juanita Sorolla, Spanish painter; Frank D. Weil, noted horseman; Charles Archer, English actor; Marie Wainwright, actress; Ralph L. Polk, publisher of city directories; Baron Kato, premier of Japan; Kate Douglas Wiggin, author; Alton Kimball, artist; Princess Anastasia of Greece, formerly Mrs. W. B. Leeds; Thomas Mosher, publisher.

In September: Edward Payson Dutton, publisher; W. R. Thayer, author and journalist; Dr. C. F. Millsap, botanist of Chicago university; Paul J. Rainey, explorer; Max Bohm, artist; Dr. Edward Ryan, noted Red Cross worker in Persia; Viscount Morley, English statesman and author; Chauncey L. Filley, former Republican leader in Missouri; Chief Justice C. L. Brown of Minnesota supreme court; Edwin G. Cooley, Chicago educator; Sir Halliday Croom, British surgeon.

In October: J. W. Bengough, Canadian poet and artist; Oscar Brown, English historian; Prof. Malcolm McNeil of Lake Forest university; ex-Governor H. H. Markham of California; Ralph Peters, president of Long Island railway; Dr. Boris Sidis, psychopathologist; Dr. C. P. Steinmetz, famous electrician; Andrew Bonar Law, former British prime minister.

In November: G. R. Huntington, president Soo railway; S. R. McCall, Massachusetts statesman; Frederick L. Rawson, English metaphysician; Clifford Thorne, noted lawyer of Iowa; Anthony Cannellotti, former commissioner of immigration; G. C. Taylor, president American Railway Express company; Frederick Dixon, former editor Christian Science Monitor.

In December: Earl of Lorne, former British lord chancellor; A. O. Bunnell, veteran newspaper editor of Denver, N. Y.; Sir William MacKenzie and Baron Shaughnessy, Canadian railway magnates; John R. Rathorn, editor of Providence Journal; William A. Pinkerton, famous detective; Lawrence Sperry, American aviator, drowned in English channel; ex-Congressman Ben T. Cable of Illinois; Dr. Harold N. Moyer, noted alienist of Chicago.

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